

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE FUTURE OF MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE IN THE ALPS

Mountain Agriculture - Challenges and Perspectives

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Selected goals of mountain agriculture

- Preserving the widespread farming of the traditional cultural landscape
- Preserving and supporting farming that suits local conditions and is environmentally sustainable

Protecting natural resources and ecosystems

 Promoting additional sources of income and improving the living and working conditions (preservation of employment and the creation of value)

Considerations on how to achieve these goals

- Framework conditions for a sustainably productive mountain agriculture
- An efficient and sustainable CAP
- Compensation for higher production costs
- Payment for the provision of public goods
- Increasing the added value of mountain products

Framework conditions for a sustainably productive mountain agriculture

- Multifunctionality as a guiding principle
 - Core of the European agricultural sector
 - Goal of the EU Common Agricultural Policy
- Mountain agriculture
 - Livestock suited to the available land
 - Premia based on the number of livestock who eat roughage
 - Sustainable production methods
 - Indication of origin for mountain products
 - Compensation for added burdens



The cultural landscape as a co-product





Landscape after the disappearance of agriculture



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An efficient and sustainable CAP

- Questions on the CAP
 - Can the current CAP still be effectively communicated to society?
 - Is the current CAP still justifiable within the agricultural sector?
 - What are the side effects of the current CAP?
 - What is the extent of its future financial volume?
- Further development of the CAP
 - New concept
 - 2-pillar model
 - 1st pillar
 - Capping
 - New elements
 - 2nd pillar
 - Co-financing
 - Scope

Compensation for higher production costs

- Higher production costs
- Preservation of livestock farming that is suited to the local conditions
- Payments for (economically) less-favoured areas
- Support to investments for the further development of mountain agriculture

Hausmitteilungen über LANDWIRTSCHAFT

Berglandwirtschaft im Alpenraum der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

 Grundlagen und Anregungen für eine Entwicklungspolitik Die Untersuchung ist durchgeführt

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OUDISSION DED EHROPEISCHEN CEHEINSCHAFTEN

GENERALDIREKTION LANDWIRTSCHAFT
DIREKTION WIRTSCHAFT UND AGRARSTRUKTUR - ABTEILLING «BILANZEN, STUDIEN, INFORMATION»

Payment for the provision of public goods

- Payment for the increased requirements in terms of environmental protection
- Payment for maintaining a desirable farming practice for environmental or landscape reasons - when this cannot be ensured in the current market conditions (compensation for natural handicaps)
- Incentive components
- Protection of species vs. agriculture (conflict of interests)

Improvement of the added value of mountain products

- Quality strategy (product and process)
- Premium brands
- Labels
 - Mountain products
 - PGI
 - PDO
 - TSG
 - Milk codes
 - Certificate, such as composition of feed ration
 - Fancy names

Conclusion

Mountain agriculture has good prospects, thanks to the combination of:

- Engaged farmers
- Targeted agricultural policies
- Innovative enterprises in the upstream and downstream sectors and
- Responsible consumers